



# SUPPORTING CHILDREN IN YEAR 3



Some of the Numeracy Framework **expectations** for Year 3 are:

## Using Number Skills

- ✓ Read and write numbers to 1000
- ✓ Compare and estimate with numbers up to 100
- ✓ Use mental strategies to recall number facts within 20
- ✓ Recall 2, 3, 4, 5 and 10 multiplication tables and use to solve multiplication and division problems
- ✓ Multiply numbers by 10
- ✓ Find differences within 100
- ✓ Use mental strategies to add and subtract 2 digit numbers
- ✓ Use partitioning to double and halve 2 digit numbers
- ✓ Check subtraction using addition, check halving using doubling and check multiplication by using repeated addition
- ✓ Use different combinations of money to pay for items up to £2 and calculate the change
- ✓ Order and compare items up to £10



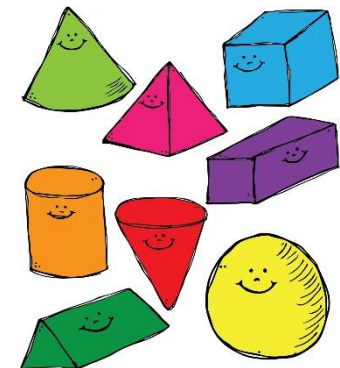
## Using Measuring Skills

- ✓ Use standard units of measure: length (measure on a ruler to the nearest  $\frac{1}{2}$ cm), weight/mass (Use 5g, 10g and 100g weights), and capacity (use litres and half litres; measure to the nearest 100ml)
- ✓ Tell the time to the nearest 5 minutes on an analogue clock and calculate how long it is to the next hour

## Using Data Skills

- ✓ Represent data using lists, tally charts, tables, diagrams, bar charts, pictograms and Venn and Carroll diagrams
- ✓ Extract and interpret information from charts, timetables, diagrams and graphs

**INFORMATION FOR PARENTS**  
Help your child with numeracy



## Cupboard Maths

Explore your cupboards! Look at the weights printed on jars, tins and packets in the food cupboard, e.g.  
tinned beans 185g  
tinned soup 400g  
curry sauce 454g

Choose six items. Ask your child to put them in order. Is the largest item the heaviest?

## WAYS TO HELP AT HOME...

### What's the time?

Throughout the day ask your child to tell you the time to the nearest 5 minutes. Use a clock with hands (analogue clock) as well as a digital watch or clock.

Also ask:

What time will it be one hour from now?

What time was it one hour ago?

## Dice games

Roll two dice. Make two-digit numbers, e.g. if you roll a 6 and 4, this could be 64 or 46. If you haven't got two dice, roll one dice twice. Ask your child to do one or more of the activities below.

- \*Count on or back from each number in tens.
- \*Add 19 to each number in their head. (A quick way is to add 20 then take away 1.)
- \*Subtract 9 from each number. (A quick way is to take away 10 then add back one.)
- \*Double each number.

## Fraction fun

Use 12 buttons, or paper clips or dried beans etc

Ask your child to find **half** of the 12 things.

Now find one **quarter** of the same group.

Find one **third** of the whole group.

Repeat with other numbers.

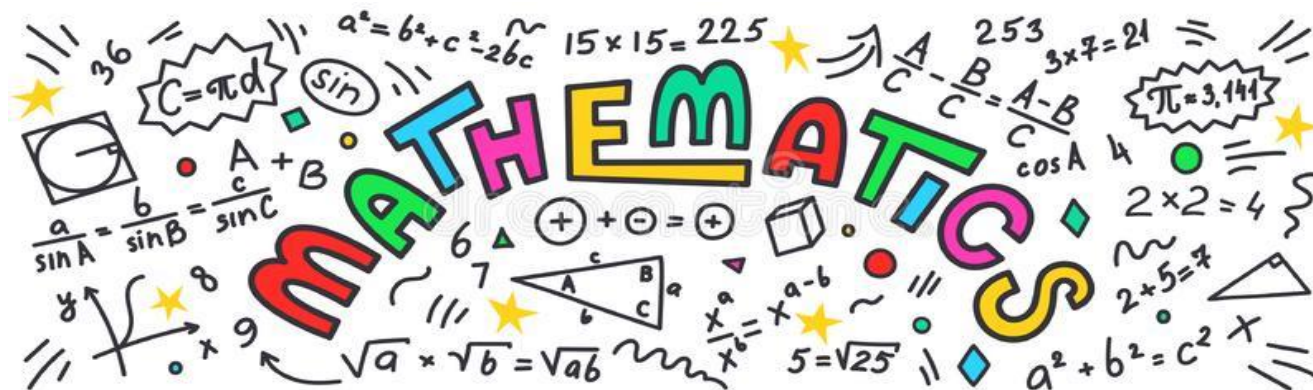
## Bingo!

One person has the 2x table and the other has the 5x table. Write six numbers in that table on your piece of paper, e.g. 4 8 10 16 18 20

Roll one or two dice. If you choose to roll two dice, add the numbers, e.g. roll two dice, get 3 and 4, add these to make 7.

Multiply that number by 2 or by 5 (that is, by your table number, e.g.  $7 \times 2$  or  $7 \times 5$ ).

If the answer is on your paper, cross it out. The first to cross out all six of their numbers wins.



## Bean games

You need two dice and a pile of dried beans/pasta/etc. Take turns to roll the two dice. Multiply the two numbers and call out the answer. If you are right, you win a bean.

The first to get 10 beans wins.